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Run on: January 7, 2002, 15:40:13 ; Search time 154.28 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
22.086 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-08-569-749-8  
Perfect score: 267  
Sequence: LAKAGFYVIGPDRVACFAC.....WEPKDNAMSEHLRHPKCPF 46

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 . Gapext 0.5

Searched: 522463 seqs, 74073290 residues

total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 522463

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%  
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : A\_Geneseq\_1101:\*

1: /S1DS2/gcdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1980.DAT:\*

2: /S1DS2/gcdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1982.DAT:\*

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21: /S1DS2/gcdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA2000.DAT:\*

22: /S1DS2/gcdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA2001.DAT:\*

Pre. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES					
Result No.	Score	Query Match Length	DB ID	Description	
1	267	100.0	46 18	AAW13550	Human C-1AP2 crepea
2	267	100.0	604 18	AAW19747	Human Inhibitor of Human C-1AP2. Hom
3	267	100.0	604 18	AAW13544	Human C-1AP2. Hom
4	267	100.0	604 20	AAW52703	Human Cellular inh
5	267	100.0	604 20	AAW33997	Human Cellular inh
6	267	100.0	1141 22	AB00694	Human AP12-MTR chi
7	264	98.9	604 18	AAW19582	Human apoptosis in
8	264	98.9	604 19	AAW62952	Human RIP-1 prote
9	259	97.0	306 22	AAU02925	Angiotensin convert
10	248	92.9	46 18	AAW13548	Human C-1AP1 crepea
11	248	92.9	438 17	AAW04583	Human Inhibitor of

AAW13550	1	RESULT
ID	AAW13550 standard; Protein; 46 AA.	
XX		
AC	AAW13550;	
XX		
DT	22-JUL-1997 (first entry)	
XX		
DE	Human c-IAP2 repeat 2.	
XX		
KW	IAP; inhibitor; apoptosis; RING finger domain; restinosis;	
XX	myocardial infarction; nephritis; HIV.	
OS	Homo sapiens.	
XX		
PN	W09706182-A1.	
XX		
PD	20-FEB-1997.	
XX		
PR	06-ANG-1996;	
XX	96WO-US128660.	
PR	08-DEC-1995;	
PR	95US-0569749.	
PR	08-AUG-1995;	
XX	95US-0512946.	
PA	(TULA-) TULARIK INC.	
XX		
PI	Goeddel DV, Rothe M;	
XX		
DR	WPI; 1997-154209/14.	
XX		
PT	Nucleic acids encoding cellular inhibitor of apoptosis proteins - useful for apoptosis regulation in cells to reduce or increase apoptosis and for pharmacological screening	
PT		
XX		

PS Claim 3; Page 24; 35pp; English.

XX CC The human cellular inhibitor of apoptosis proteins (c-IAP1/2 - AAW1550/T61591) comprise a series of defined structural domain repeats and/or a RING finger domain; in particular, at least two of a first domain repeat (AAW1354 or AAW1354), a second domain repeat (AAW1350 or AAW1350), and a third domain repeat (AAW1351 or AAW1352) and/or a RING finger domain (AAW1353 or AAW1354), or a consensus sequences derived from these human genes.

CC The nucleic acid is used for recombinant prodn. of human cellular inhibitor of apoptosis protein which modulates apoptosis regulation. The nucleic acids are useful in therapies where increased cell-specific apoptosis is desired, e.g. in restinosis, inflammatory disease states, myocardial infarction, glomerular nephritis, transplant rejection and infectious diseases, e.g. HIV. They can also be used in conditions requiring a reduction in apoptosis.

CC CC

XX SQ Sequence 46 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 267; DB 18; Length 46; Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.4e-27; Matches 46; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0; Qy 1 LAKAGFYVIGPGDVAFCACGGKLSWEPKDNAMSEHLRHFCKPF 46 Db 1 lakagfyviggdrvacfcacggklsnwepkdnamsenhrlhfckpf 46

RESULT 2

ID AAW19747 standard; Protein: 604 AA.

XX AC AAW19747;

XX DT 16-SEP-1997 (first entry)

DE Human inhibitor of apoptosis protein homologue MIHC.

XX KW Inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; mammalian IAP homologue; MIHC; degenerative disease; infectious disease; autoimmune disease; cancer; therapy; diagnosis.

XX OS Homo sapiens.

XX FH Location/Qualifiers 29..97 /label=BIR

FT Region 169..236

FT /label=BIR 255..323

FT Region 556..593

FT /label=RING\_finger

PN WO9723501-A1.

XX PD 03-JUL-1997.

XX PF 20-DEC-1996; 96NO-AU00827.

XX PR 22-DEC-1995; 95AU-0007275.

XX (AMRA-) AMRAD OPERATIONS PTY LTD.

XX PA Vaux DL;

XX DR WPI: 1997-350965/32.

XX N-PSDB; AAT72712.

PT Isolated protein homologues of viral inhibitors of apoptosis - used to modulate apoptosis for treatment of degenerative, infectious or

PT

PT autoimmune diseases and cancer

XX PS Claim 9; Page 58-62; 136pp; English.

CC Mammalian IAP homologue C (MIHC) (AAW19747) is a human homologue of baculovirus inhibitor of apoptosis protein (IAP). Its amino acid sequence was deduced from a cDNA clone (see also AAW172712) isolated from a human foetal liver cDNA library using primers based on human EST sequences that resembled the BIR repeats of Orryga pseudogiant polyhedrosis virus IAP. IAP homologues (see also AAW19745-46 and AAW19748-52) and their derivatives and chemical analogues can be used in methods for modulating apoptosis in animal cells, specifically for treatment, by inhibition, of degenerative and infectious disease or, by promotion, of cancer and autoimmune disease.

XX SQ Sequence 604 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 267; DB 18; Length 604; Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 8.4e-26; Matches 46; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0; Qy 1 LAKAGFYVIGPGDVAFCACGGKLSWEPKDNAMSEHLRHFCKPF 46 Db 189 lakagfyviggdrvacfcacggklsnwepkdnamsenhrlhfckpf 234

RESULT 3

ID AAW1546 standard; Protein: 604 AA.

XX AC AAW13546;

XX DT 22-07-1997 (first entry)

DE Human c-IAP2.

XX KW IAP; inhibitor; apoptosis; RING finger domain; restinosis; myocardial infarction; nephritis; HIV.

XX OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO9706182-A1.

XX PD 20-FEB-1997.

XX PF 06-AUG-1996; 96WO-US12860.

PR 08-DBC-1995; 95US-056749.

PR 08-AUG-1995; 95US-0512946.

XX PA (TULSA-) TULARIK INC.

XX PI Goeddel DV, Rothe M;

XX DR WPI: 1997-154209/14.

DR N-PSDB; AAT61591.

XX PS Nucleic acids encoding cellular inhibitor of apoptosis proteins - useful for apoptosis regulation in cells to reduce or increase apoptosis and for pharmacological screening

XX Disclosure; Page 21-23; 35pp; English.

XX CC The human cellular inhibitor of apoptosis proteins (c-IAP1/2 - AAW61590/T61591) comprise a series of defined structural domain repeats and/or a RING finger domain; in particular, at least two of a first domain repeat (AAW1354 or AAW1354), a second domain repeat (AAW1350 or AAW1350), and a third domain repeat (AAW1351 or AAW1352) and/or a RING finger domain (AAW1353 or AAW1354), or a consensus sequences derived from these human genes. The nucleic acid is used for recombinant prodn. of human cellular



RESULT	6	XX	XX
ID	AAB50694	AC	AAW19582;
	AAB50694 standard; Protein: 1141 AA.	XX	XX
XX		DE	02-SEP-1997 (first entry)
AC	AAB50694;	XX	Human apoptosis inhibitor HMAP-1.
XX		XX	
DT	19-MAR-2001 (first entry)	KW	Apoptosis inhibitor; HMAP-1; HIV; AIDS; neurodegeneration;
XX		KW	myelodysplastic syndrome; ischaemia; myocardial infarction; stroke;
DE	Human API2-MLT chimeric protein sequence.	KW	reperfusion injury; toxin-induced liver disease; gene therapy;
XX		KW	diagnosis.
KW	Human; API2-MLT chimeric; apoptosis inhibitor 2; MLT; API2;	OS	XX
KW	mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue lymphoma associated translocation;	Homo sapiens.	XX
KW	chromosome 11 region q21-22.3; chromosome 18 region q21.1-22;	XX	
KW	molecular characterisation; chromosome translocation; carcinogenesis;	Key	Location/Qualifiers
XX	fusion protein; malignancy.	PH	29..96
OS	Chimeric • Homo sapiens.	FT	/label= BIR-1
OS	Synthetic.	FT	169..235
XX		FT	/label= BIR-2
PN	WO20073500-A1.	FT	255..322
XX		FT	/label= BIR-3
PD	07-DEC-2000.	FT	546..591
XX		FT	/label= Rind-zinc_finger
PF	26-MAY-2000; 2000WO-EP04795.	PN	XX
XX		PD	WO9706255-A2.
PR	27-MAY-1999; 99EP-0201683.	XX	XX
XX		PD	20-FEB-1997.
PA	(VLA-1) VIJAMS INTERUNIVERSITAIR INST BIOTECHNOG.	XX	XX
PA		PR	05-AUG-1996; 96WO-1B01022.
XX		PR	22-DEC-1995; 95US-0571956.
PI	Beens M, Marynen P, Dierlamann J;	PR	04-AUG-1995; 95US-0511485.
XX		XX	(UWCR-) UNIV OTTAWA.
DR	WPI: 2001-061556/07.	PA	XX
DR	N-PSDB; AACG9072.	PI	Baird S, Korneluk RG, Liston P, Mackenzie AE;
XX		XX	XX
PT	Determining if a tissue sample has a chromosome {11:18} translocation	DR	WPI; 1997-154262/14.
PT	associated with malignancies by amplifying a nucleic acid sample using	XX	N-PSDB; AAT70837.
PT	primers complementary to chromosome 11 region q21-22.3 and chromosome	PT	Nucleic acid encoding an inhibitor of apoptosis polypeptide - used
PT	18 region q21.1-22.	PT	to inhibit apoptosis in e.g. HIV or AIDS patients, and for detection
PT		PT	of susceptibility to apoptotic disease
XX		XX	XX
CC	The present invention describes a method for determining if a tissue	PS	Claim 27: Page 72-74; 219pp; English.
CC	sample comprises a cell with a chromosome (11:18) translocation	XX	Human XIAP, HIRAL and HMAP-2 and murine M-XIAP, M-HMAP-1 and
CC	associated with malignancies such as mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue	CC	M-HMAP-2 (AAW19581-86) are a new class of mammalian proteins that
CC	(MALT) lymphomas. The method comprises subjecting a sample nucleic acid	CC	are inhibitors of apoptosis (IAP) and which are characterised by
CC	to amplification using primers complementary to sequences which are on	CC	the presence of a ring zinc finger domain (see also AAW19581) and at
CC	chromosome 11 region q21-22.3 and on chromosome 18 region q21.1-22. The	CC	least one BIR (baculovirus IAP repeat) domain (see also AAW19581).
CC	method can be used for determining if a tissue sample or analogue	CC	The IAP amino acid sequences were deduced from cDNA clones (AAW19581 and AAT70837) from a human liver library. IAP polypeptides can be
CC	comprises a chromosome (11:18) translocation associated with malignancies	CC	expressed in host cells (in vitro or in vivo) and used in methods
CC	such as mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue lymphomas. The nucleic acid or	CC	for treating diseases and disorders involving apoptosis, esp. in a
CC	the antibody may be used as a probe for detection, for hybridisation to	CC	human diagnosed as HIV-positive or as having AIDS, a
CC	southern blot cell DNAs or for in situ hybridisation of cells, or for	CC	neurodegenerative disease, a myelodysplastic syndrome or an
CC	determining the presence of complementary DNA. The present sequence	CC	ischaemic injury, selected from myocardial infarction, stroke,
CC	represents the specifically claimed chimeric human apoptosis inhibitor 2	CC	reperfusion injury, or a toxin-induced liver disease.
CC	(API2)/MALT-lymphoma associated translocation (MLT) protein.	XX	XX
XX		Sequence	604 AA;
Sequence	1141 AA;	SQ	
Query Match	100.0%; Score 267; DB 22; Length 1141;		
Best Local Similarity	100.0%; Pred. No. 1.e-25;		
Matches	46; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;		
QY	1 LAKAGFYIGPGGRVACFACGGKLNSWEPKDNAMSEHLRHPKCPF 46	Query Match	98.9%; Score 264; DB 18; Length 604;
DB	189 lakaGfyIgpggrvacfacggklnswePKDNAMSEHLRHPKCPF 234	Best Local Similarity	97.8%; Pred. No. 2e-25;
RESULT	7	Matches	45; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
ID	AAW19582 standard; Protein: 604 AA.	QY	1 LAKAGFYIGPGDRVACFACGGKLNSWEPKDNAMSEHLRHPKCPF 46
		DB	189 lakaGfyIgpggrvacfacggklnswePKDNAMSEHLRHPKCPF 234

AAW69295  
 ID AAW69295 standard; Protein: 604 AA.  
 AC  
 XX  
 AAW69295;  
 XX  
 13-NOV-1998 (first entry)  
 DT  
 XX  
 DE Human HIAP-1 protein.  
 XX  
 KW Inhibitor of apoptosis protein; apoptosis enhancer; NAIP polypeptide;  
 KW proliferative disease; IAP; therapy; cancer; human; HIAP-1 protein.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 PN WO9835693-A2.  
 XX  
 PD 20-AUG-1998.  
 XX  
 PF 13-FEB-1998; 98M0-1B00781.  
 XX  
 PR 13-FEB-1997; 97US-0800929.  
 XX  
 PA (IWC7-) UNIV OTAWA.  
 XX  
 PI Baird S, Korneluk R, Liston P, Mackenzie AE, Pratt C.  
 PI Tsang B.  
 XX  
 DR WPI: 1998-467164/40.  
 DR N-PSDB; AAV55039.  
 XX  
 PT Inducing apoptosis in proliferative mammalian cells with inhibitor  
 PT of IAP or NAIP polypeptide - also methods for prognosis based on  
 PT presence of IAP and NAIP, specifically applied to cancers involving  
 PT p53 mutations  
 XX  
 PS Disclosure; fig 2; 147pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC This sequence is the human HIAP-1 protein, which is an inhibitor of  
 CC apoptosis protein (IAP), and can be used in the method of the invention.  
 CC The method is for enhancing apoptosis in cells from a mammal with  
 CC proliferative disease by treatment with a compound that inhibits  
 CC biological activity of an IAP or NAIP polypeptide. The inhibitory  
 CC compounds are used to treat proliferative diseases, especially cancers of  
 CC ovary, breast, pancreas, skin, blood, lung, brain, kidney,  
 CC liver, nasopharynx, thyroid, central nervous system, prostate, colon,  
 CC rectum, cervix or endometrium, particularly to increase their sensitivity  
 CC to chemotherapeutic agents. High levels of the IAP or NAIP proteins are  
 CC detected in many cancers and are associated with poor prognosis,  
 CC resistance to chemotherapeutic agents and mutations in p53 (it is  
 CC suggested that wild-type p53 suppresses transcription of the IAP or NAIP  
 CC genes). Transgenic animals are used for testing the effects of antisense  
 CC oligonucleotides and for screening for the inhibitors.  
 XX  
 Sequence 604 AA;

Query Match 98.9%; Score 264; DB 19; Length 604;  
 Best Local Similarity 97.8%; Pred. No. 2e-25; Mismatches 45; Conservative 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0; Matches 45;

Query Match 97.0%; Score 259; DB 22; Length 306;  
 Best Local Similarity 95.7%; Pred. No. 4.3e-25; Mismatches 44; Conservative 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0; Matches 44;

Qy 1 LAKAGFYIIGDRVACAGGKLISWEPKDNAMEHHLRHPKCPF 46  
 Db 189 laragfyiigpdrvactacggkisnwepkdnasehhrhpckpf 234

RESULT 9  
 AAU02925 ID AAU02925 standard; Protein; 306 AA.  
 AC XX  
 AC XX  
 DT 12-SEP-2001 (first entry)

DE Angiotensin converting enzyme (ACEV) splice variant protein #25.  
 XX KW Angiotensin converting enzyme splice variant; ACEV; interleukin 6;  
 KW granulocyte colony stimulating factor receptor; glucagon; hypertrophy;  
 KW platelet-derived endothelial cell growth factor; cardiovascular disease;  
 KW cellular tumour antigen P53; cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor IC;  
 KW vasoactive intestinal polypeptide receptor 2; arteriosclerosis; cancer;  
 KW myocardial infarction; coronary arterial thrombosis; renal disease;  
 KW diabetic nephropathy; muscular disease; immune disorder; sarcoidosis;  
 KW multiple sclerosis; immune complex nephritis; deep vein thrombosis;  
 KW nonarcoitotic pulmonary granulomatous disease; endothelial abnormality;  
 KW vascular disorder; asbestosis.  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 PN WO200136632-A2.  
 XX  
 PD 25-MAY-2001.  
 XX  
 PF 17-NOV-2000; 2000M0-1L00766.  
 XX  
 PR 17-NOV-1999; 99IL-0132978.  
 PR 10-DEC-1999; 99IL-0133455.  
 XX  
 PA (COMP-) COMPUGEN LTD.  
 XX  
 PI Levine Z, David A, Azar I, Khosravi R, Bernstein J.  
 XX  
 DR WPI: 2001-33604/35.  
 DR N-PSDB; ASN06025.  
 XX  
 PT Novel alternative splicing variants e.g. variant of angiotensin  
 PT converting enzyme (ACEV), useful in identifying candidate compounds  
 PT capable of binding to the variant and to detect anti-variant antibodies  
 XX  
 PS Claim 4; fig 25; 519pp; English.

CC The sequence represents an angiotensin converting enzyme splice variant  
 CC (ACEV) polypeptide. The polypeptides of the invention include variants of  
 CC granulocyte colony stimulating factor receptor, glucagon, interleukin 6,  
 CC platelet-derived endothelial cell growth factor, cyclin-dependent kinase  
 CC inhibitor 1C, cellular tumour antigen P53, and vasoactive intestinal  
 CC polypeptide receptor 2. The polypeptides and their associated nucleic  
 CC acids are useful for identification of variant sequences and detection of  
 CC candidate compounds capable of binding the molecules. The sequences of  
 CC the invention can be used in the treatment and diagnosis of various  
 CC disorders including cardiovascular diseases such as arteriosclerosis,  
 CC myocardial infarction and coronary arterial thrombosis, renal diseases  
 CC such as diabetic nephropathy, muscular diseases such as hypertropy,  
 CC immune disorders such as immune complex nephritis, multiple sclerosis,  
 CC cancer, sarcoidosis, nonarcoitotic pulmonary granulomatous diseases such  
 CC as asbestosis and vascular pathologies involving an endothelial  
 CC abnormality such as deep vein thrombosis.

XX  
 Sequence 306 AA;

Query Match 97.0%; Score 259; DB 22; Length 306;  
 Best Local Similarity 95.7%; Pred. No. 4.3e-25; Mismatches 44; Conservative 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0; Matches 44;

Qy 1 LAKAGFYIIGDRVACAGGKLISWEPKDNAMEHHLRHPKCPF 46  
 Db 204 laragfyiigpdrvactacggkisnwepkdnasehhrhpckpf 249

RESULT 10  
 AAU13549 ID AAU13549 standard; Protein; 46 AA.  
 AC XX  
 AC XX  
 AAU13549; 12-SEP-2001 (first entry)

DT	22-JUL-1997 (first entry)	XX	XX
XX	DE Human c-IAP1 repeat 2.	XX	PN WO9635703-A1.
XX	IAP; inhibitor; apoptosis; RING finger domain; restinosis;	XX	PP 14-NOV-1996.
KW	myocardial infarction; nephritis; HIV.	XX	PF 11-MAY-1995; 95WO-US05922.
XX	Homo sapiens.	XX	PR 11-MAY-1995; 95WO-US05922.
XX	WO9705182-A1.	XX	PA (HUMA-) HUMAN GENOME SCI INC.
XX	PD 20-FEB-1997.	XX	PI He WW, Hudson PR, Rosen CA;
XX	PF 08-AUG-1996; 96WO-US12860.	XX	DR WPI: 1996-518608-51.
XX	PR 08-DEC-1995; 95US-0569719.	XX	DR-NPDB; RAT43709.
XX	PA (TUVA-) TULARIK INC.	XX	PT Polynucleotide encoding human inhibitor of apoptosis gene 1 - useful for treating degenerative diseases, as antiviral defence mechanism and preventing cell death during trauma and strokes
XX	PI Goeddel DV, Rothe M;	XX	PT and preventing cell death during trauma and strokes
XX	DR WPI: 1997-154209/14.	XX	XX
XX	CC Nucleic acids encoding cellular inhibitor of apoptosis proteins - useful for apoptosis regulation in cells to reduce or increase apoptosis and for pharmacological screening	CC	CC Human inhibitor of apoptosis 1 (hIAP-1) (AAW04583) is a protein useful for treating degenerative diseases, rheumatoid arthritis, septic shock, as an antiviral defence mechanism, and for preventing cell death during strokes or trauma.
PT	PT a first domain repeat (AAW13547 or AAW13548), a second domain repeat (AAW13549 or AAW13550), and a third domain repeat (AAW13551 or AAW13552)	CC	CC Its amino acid sequence was deduced from a cDNA clone (RAT43709) that can be obtained from human Jurkat cell lines or a human osteosarcoma stromal cell lines. Recombinant hIAP-1 can be produced in prokaryotic or eukaryotic host cells, or expressed in vivo. It can also be used to screen for modulators of hIAP-1 activity.
CC	CC and/or a RING finger domain (AAW13553 or AAW13554), or a consensus sequence derived from these human genes.	CC	CC XX
CC	CC The nucleic acid is used for recombinant prodn. of human cellular inhibitor of apoptosis protein which modulates apoptosis regulation. The nucleic acids are useful in therapies where increased cell-specific apoptosis is desired, e.g. in restinosis, inflammatory disease states, myocardial infarction, glomerular nephritis, transplant rejection and infectious diseases, e.g. HIV.	CC	CC Sequence 438 AA:
CC	CC They can also be used in conditions requiring a reduction in apoptosis.	CC	CC
XX	Sequence 46 AA:	XX	XX
Query Match	92.9%; Score 248; DB 18; Length 45;	Query Match	92.9%; Score 248; DB 17; Length 438;
Best Local Similarity	91.3%; Pred. No. 1. 4e-24;	Best Local Similarity	91.3%; Pred. No. 1. 6e-23;
Matches	42; Conservative 2; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;	Matches	42; Conservative 2; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy	1 LAKAGFYVGGGRVAFACGGKLSNWERKDNAMSENHLRHFPCPF 46	Qy	1 LAKAGFYVGGGRVAFACGGKLSNMPKDNAMSHLRHFPCPF 46
Db	1 laragfyvigggrvacfcagggklsnwepkdamsenhrhfpccpf 46	Db	24 laragfyvigggrvacfcagggklsnwepkdamsenhrhfpccpf 69
RESULT	12	RESULT	12
ID	AAW1946	ID	AAW1946 standard; protein; 618 AA.
XX	XX	XX	XX
AC	AAW1946;	AC	AAW1946;
XX	XX	XX	XX
DT	16-SEP-1997 (first entry)	DT	16-SEP-1997 (first entry)
XX	DE Human inhibitor of apoptosis protein homologue MIHB.	XX	DE Human inhibitor of apoptosis protein homologue MIHB.
KW	Inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; mammalian IAP homologue; MIHB; degenerative disease; infectious disease; autoimmune disease; cancer; therapy; diagnosis.	KW	Inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; mammalian IAP homologue; MIHB; degenerative disease; infectious disease; autoimmune disease; cancer; therapy; diagnosis.
XX	Homo sapiens.	XX	Homo sapiens.
XX	XX	XX	XX
FT	Key	Location/Qualifiers	Location/Qualifiers
FT	Region	46..113	46..113
FT	Region	/Label= BIR	/Label= BIR
FT	Region	184..250	184..250
FT	Region	/Label= BIR	269..337
FT	Region	/Label= BIR	569..606
FT	Region	/Label= RING_finger	/Label= RING_finger
PN	WO9723501-A1.	PN	WO9723501-A1.
XX	XX	XX	XX
PD	03-JUL-1997.	PD	03-JUL-1997.

Query Match 92.9%; Score 248; DB 18; length 618;  
 Best Local Similarity 91.3%; Pred. No. 2.3e-23; 2; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 42; Conservative 2; CC

Oy 1 LAKAGFYVTPGDRVACFAGGKLSNWEPKDNAMSEHLRHFCKPF 46  
 Db 204 laragfyvlgpdrvacfacggklsnwepkddamsehrhfpncp 249

RESULT 13

AAW19583 AAW19583 standard; Protein; 618 AA.

XX

AC AAW19583;

XX

DT 02-SEP-1997 (first entry)

XX

DE Human apoptosis inhibitor HIAP-2.

XX

KW Apoptosis inhibitor; HIAP-2; HIV; AIDS; neurodegeneration; myelodysplastic syndrome; ischaemia; myocardial infarction; stroke; reperfusion injury; toxin-induced liver disease; gene therapy; diagnosis.

XX

OS Homo sapiens.

XX

Key Location/Qualifiers

FH 46..113

FT Domain /label= BIR-1

FT Domain 184..250 /label= BIR-2

FT Domain 269..336 /label= BIR-3

FT Domain 560..605 /label= Ring\_zinc\_finger

PN WO9706255-A2.

XX

PB 20-FEB-1997.

XX

Query Match 92.9%; Score 248; DB 18; length 618;  
 Best Local Similarity 91.3%; Pred. No. 2.3e-23; 2; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 42; Conservative 2; CC

Oy 1 LAKAGFYVTPGDRVACFAGGKLSNWEPKDNAMSEHLRHFCKPF 46  
 Db 204 laragfyvlgpdrvacfacggklsnwepkddamsehrhfpncp 249

RESULT 14

AAW13545 AAW13545 standard; Protein; 618 AA.

XX

AC AAW13545;

XX

DT 22-JUL-1997 (first entry)

XX

DE Human c-IAP1.

XX

KW IAP; inhibitor; apoptosis; RING finger domain; retinoblastoma; myocardial infarction; nephritis; HIV.

XX

OS Homo sapiens.

XX

PN WO9706182-A1.

XX

PB 20-FEB-1997.

XX

06-AUG-1996; 9600-US12860.

XX

08-DEC-1995; 9505-0569749.

XX

08-AUG-1995; 9505-0512946.

XX

(TULSA-) TULARIK INC.

XX

PT Goeddel DV; Rothe M;

DR WPI; 1997-154209/14.

XX

PS Claim 8: Page 51-54, 136pp; English.

CC Mammalian IAP homologue B (MIAP) (AAW19746) is a human homologue of baculovirus inhibitor of apoptosis protein (IAP). Its amino acid sequence was deduced from a cDNA clone (see also AAW72711) isolated from a human foetal liver cDNA library using primers based on human EST sequences that resembled the BIR repeats of Oryzias latipes/sugata polyhedrosis virus IAP. IAP homologues (see also AAW19745 and AAW19475-2) and their derivatives and chemical analogues can be used in methods for modulating apoptosis in animal cells, specifically for treatment, by inhibition, of degenerative and infectious disease or, by promotion, of cancer and autoimmune disease.

XX

SQ Sequence 618 AA:

Query Match 92.9%; Score 248; DB 18; length 618;  
 Best Local Similarity 91.3%; Pred. No. 2.3e-23; 2; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 42; Conservative 2; CC

Oy 1 LAKAGFYVTPGDRVACFAGGKLSNWEPKDNAMSEHLRHFCKPF 46  
 Db 204 laragfyvlgpdrvacfacggklsnwepkddamsehrhfpncp 249

RESULT 15

AAW13545 AAW13545 standard; Protein; 618 AA.

XX

AC AAW13545;

XX

DT 22-JUL-1997 (first entry)

XX

DE Human c-IAP1.

XX

KW IAP; inhibitor; apoptosis; RING finger domain; retinoblastoma; myocardial infarction; nephritis; HIV.

XX

OS Homo sapiens.

XX

PN WO9706182-A1.

XX

PB 20-FEB-1997.

XX

06-AUG-1996; 9600-US12860.

XX

08-DEC-1995; 9505-0569749.

XX

08-AUG-1995; 9505-0512946.

XX

(TULSA-) TULARIK INC.

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PT Goeddel DV; Rothe M;

DR WPI; 1997-154209/14.

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PS Claim 27: Page 75-77; 219pp; English.

CC Human XIAP, XIAP-1 and XIAP-2 and murine M-XIAP, M-XIAP-1 and M-XIAP-2 (AAW19581-86) are a new class of mammalian proteins that are inhibitors of apoptosis (IAP) and which are characterised by the presence of a ring zinc finger domain (see also AAW19587) and at least one BIR (baculovirus IAP repeat) domain (see also AAW19588). The XIAP amino acid sequences were deduced from cDNA clones (AAW70837 and AAW70838) from a human liver library. IAP polypeptides can be expressed in host cells (in vitro or in vivo) and used in methods for treating diseases and disorders involving apoptosis, esp. in a human diagnosed as HIV-positive or as having AIDS, a neurodegenerative disease, a myelodysplastic syndrome or an ischaemic injury, related from myocardial infarction, stroke, reperfusion injury, or a toxin-induced liver disease.

XX

SQ Sequence 618 AA:

Query Match 92.9%; Score 248; DB 18; length 618;  
 Best Local Similarity 91.3%; Pred. No. 2.3e-23; 2; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 42; Conservative 2; CC

Oy 1 LAKAGFYVTPGDRVACFAGGKLSNWEPKDNAMSEHLRHFCKPF 46  
 Db 204 laragfyvlgpdrvacfacggklsnwepkddamsehrhfpncp 249

DR N-PSDB: AAV61590.  
 XX  
 PT Nucleic acids encoding cellular inhibitor of apoptosis proteins -  
 PT useful for apoptosis regulation in cells to reduce or increase  
 PT apoptosis and for pharmacological screening  
 XX  
 PS Disclosure: Page 18-20; 35pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC The human cellular inhibitor of apoptosis proteins (c-IAP1/2 -  
 CC AAV61590/AAV61591) comprise a series of defined structural domain  
 CC repeats and/or a RING finger domain. In particular, at least two of  
 CC a first domain repeat (AAW13547 or AAW13548), a second domain repeat  
 CC (AAW13549 or AAW13550), and third domain in repeat (AAW13551 or AAW13552)  
 CC and/or a RING finger domain (AAW13553 or AAW13541), or a consensus  
 CC sequence derived from these human genes.  
 CC The nucleic acid is used for recombinant prod. of human cellular  
 CC inhibitor of apoptosis protein which modulates apoptosis  
 CC repeats and/or a RING finger domain. In particular, at least two of  
 CC a first domain repeat (AAW13547 or AAW13548), a second domain repeat  
 CC (AAW13549 or AAW13550), and third domain in repeat (AAW13551 or AAW13552)  
 CC and/or a RING finger domain (AAW13553 or AAW13541), or a consensus  
 CC sequence derived from these human genes.  
 CC The nucleic acid is used for recombinant prod. of human cellular  
 CC inhibitor of apoptosis protein which modulates apoptosis  
 CC increased cell-specific apoptosis desired, e.g. in resinoisis,  
 CC inflammatory disease states, myocardial infarction, glomerular  
 CC nephritis, transplant rejection, and infectious diseases, e.g. HIV.  
 CC They can also be used in conditions requiring a reduction in  
 CC apoptosis.  
 XX Sequence 618 AA:  
 SQ

Query Match 92.9%; Score 248; DB 18; Length 618;  
 Best Local Similarity 91.3%; Pred. No. 2.3e-23; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 Matches 42; Conservative 2; MisMatches 2; Index 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 LAKAGYYIGGRDRVACACGGKLSWEPKDNAMSERURHFPKCPF 46  
 Db 204 larafgyiyqpgdrvacfacgqklsnwepkddamsehrhrhfpncpf 249

RESULT 15  
 AAW69296  
 ID AAW69296 standard; Protein: 618 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAW69296;  
 XX  
 DT 13-NOV-1998 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Human HIAP-2 protein.  
 XX  
 KW Inhibitor of apoptosis protein; apoptosis enhancer; NAIP polypeptide;  
 KW proliferative disease; IAP; therapy; cancer; human; HIAP-2 protein.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 PN W09835693-A2.  
 XX  
 PD 20-AUG-1998.  
 XX  
 PP 13-FEB-1998; 98W0-IB00781.  
 PR 13-FEB-1997; 97US-0800939.  
 XX  
 PA (UYOT-) UNIV OTTAWA.  
 XX  
 PI Baird S, Korneluk R, Liston P, Mackenzie AE, Pratt C;  
 PI Tsang B;  
 XX  
 DR WPI; 1998-467164/40.  
 DR N-PSDB; AAV55040.  
 XX  
 PT Inducing apoptosis in proliferative mammalian cells with inhibitor  
 PT of IAP or NAIP polypeptide - also methods for prognosis based on  
 PT presence of IAP and NAIP, specifically applied to cancers involving  
 PT p53 mutations  
 XX  
 PS Disclosure: Fig 3; 147pp; English.

XX  
 CC This sequence is the human HIAP-2 protein, which is a inhibitor of  
 CC apoptosis protein (IAP), and can be used in the method of the invention.  
 CC The method is for enhancing apoptosis in cells from a mammal with  
 CC proliferative disease by treatment with a compound that inhibits  
 CC biological activity of an IAP or NAIP polypeptide. The inhibitory  
 CC compounds are used to treat proliferative diseases, specially cancers of  
 CC liver, breast, pancreas, lymph nodes, skin, blood, lung, brain, kidney,  
 CC rectum, cervix or endometrium, particularly to increase their sensitivity  
 CC to chemotherapeutic agents. High levels of the IAP or NAIP proteins are  
 CC detected in many cancers and are associated with poor prognosis,  
 CC resistance to chemotherapeutic agents and mutations in p53 (it is  
 CC suggested that wild-type p53 suppresses transcription of the IAP or NAIP  
 CC genes). Transgenic animals are used for testing the effects of antisense  
 CC oligonucleotides and for screening for the inhibitors.  
 XX Sequence 618 AA:  
 SQ

Query Match 92.9%; Score 248; DB 19; Length 618;  
 Best Local Similarity 91.3%; Pred. No. 2.3e-23; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 Matches 42; Conservative 2; MisMatches 2; Index 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 LAKAGFYIIGGRDRVACACGGKLSWEPKDNAMSERURHFPKCPF 46  
 Db 204 larafgyiyqpgdrvacfacgqklsnwepkddamsehrhrhfpncpf 249

Search completed: January 7, 2002, 15:40:13  
 Job time: 172 sec

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